

## **Annexure 3**

### **Articles**

The Indian Constitution contains 22 Parts and more than 444 articles. Here are the articles in brief.

#### **Part I: The Union and its Territory**

- Article 1: Name and territory of the Union
- Article 2: Admission or establishment of new States
- Article 2A: Repealed
- Article 3: Formation of new States and alteration of areas, boundaries or names of existing States
- Article 4: Laws made under articles 2 and 3 to provide for the amendment of the First and the Fourth Schedules and supplemental, incidental and consequential matters

#### **Part II: Citizenship**

- Article 5: Citizenship at the commencement of the Constitution
- Article 6: Rights of citizenship of certain persons who have migrated to India from Pakistan
- Article 7: Rights of citizenship of certain migrants to Pakistan
- Article 8: Rights of citizenship of certain persons of Indian origin residing outside India
- Article 9: Persons voluntarily acquiring citizenship of a foreign State not to be citizens
- Article 10: Continuance of the rights of citizenship
- Article 11: Parliament to regulate the right of citizenship by law

#### **Part III: Fundamental Rights**

##### **General**

- Article 12: Definition
- Article 13: Laws inconsistent with or in derogation of the fundamental rights

##### **Right to Equality**

- Article 14: Equality before law
- Article 15: Prohibition of discrimination on grounds of religion, race, caste, sex or place of birth
- Article 16: Equality of opportunity in matters of public employment
- Article 17: Abolition of Untouchability
- Article 18: Abolition of titles

### **Right to Freedom**

- Article 19: Protection of certain rights regarding freedom of speech, etc.
- Article 20: Protection in respect of conviction for offences
- Article 21: Protection of life and personal liberty
- Article 21A: Right to education
- Article 22: Protection against arrest and detention in certain cases

### **Right against Exploitation**

- Article 23: Prohibition of traffic in human beings and forced labour
- Article 24: Prohibition of employment of children in factories, etc.

### **Right to Freedom of Religion**

- Article 25: Freedom of conscience and free profession, practice and propagation of religion
- Article 26: Freedom to manage religious affairs
- Article 27: Freedom as to payment of taxes for promotion of any particular religion
- Article 28: Freedom as to attendance at religious instruction or religious worship in certain educational institutions

### **Cultural and Educational Rights**

- Article 29: Protection of interests of minorities
- Article 30: Right of minorities to establish and administer educational institutions
- Article 31: [Repealed.]

### **Savings of Certain Laws**

- Article 31A: Saving of Laws providing for acquisition of estates, etc.
- Article 31B: Validation of certain Acts and Regulations
- Article 31C: Saving of laws giving effect to certain directive principles
- Article 31D: [Repealed.]

### **Right to Constitutional Remedies**

- Article 32: Remedies for enforcement of rights conferred by this Part
- Article 32A: [Repealed.]

- Article 33: Power of Parliament to modify the rights conferred by this Part in their application to Forces, etc.
- Article 34: Restriction on rights conferred by this Part while martial law is in force in any area
- Article 35: Legislation to give effect to the provisions of this Part

#### **Part IV: Directive Principles of State Policy**

- Article 36: Definition
- Article 37: Application of the principles contained in this Part
- Article 38: State to secure a social order for the promotion of welfare of the people
- Article 39: Certain principles of policy to be followed by the State
- Article 39A: Equal justice and free legal aid
- Article 40: Organisation of village panchayats
- Article 41: Right to work, to education and to public assistance in certain cases
- Article 42: Provision for just and humane conditions of work and maternity relief
- Article 43: Living wage, etc., for workers
- Article 43A: Participation of workers in management of industries
- Article 44: Uniform civil code for the citizens
- Article 45: Provision for free and compulsory education for children
- Article 46: Promotion of educational and economic interests of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and other weaker sections
- Article 47: Duty of the State to raise the level of nutrition and the standard of living and to improve public health
- Article 48: Organisation of agriculture and animal husbandry
- Article 48A: Protection and improvement of environment and safeguarding of forests and wild life
- Article 49: Protection of monuments and places and objects of national importance
- Article 50: Separation of judiciary from executive
- Article 51: Promotion of international peace and security

#### **Part IVA: Fundamental Duties**

- Article 51A - Fundamental Duties

#### **Part V: The Union**

##### **Chapter I: The Executive**

##### **The President and the Vice-President**

- Article 52: The President of India
- Article 53: Executive power of the Union

- Article 54: Election of President
- Article 55: Manner of election of President
- Article 56: Term of office of President
- Article 57: Eligibility for re-election
- Article 58: Qualifications for election as President
- Article 59: Conditions of President's office
- Article 60: Oath or affirmation by the President
- Article 61: Procedure for impeachment of the President
- Article 62: Time of holding election to fill vacancy in the office of President and the term of office of person elected to fill casual vacancy
- Article 63: The Vice-President of India
- Article 64: The Vice-President to be ex officio Chairman of the Council of States
- Article 65: The Vice-President to act as President or to discharge his functions during casual vacancies in the office, or during the absence, of President
- Article 66: Election of Vice-President
- Article 67: Term of office of Vice-President
- Article 68: Time of holding election to fill vacancy in the office of Vice-President and the term of office of person elected to fill casual vacancy
- Article 69: Oath or affirmation by the Vice-President
- Article 70: Discharge of President's functions in other contingencies
- Article 71: Matters relating to, or connected with, the election of a President or Vice-President
- Article 72: Power of President to grant pardons, etc., and to suspend, remit or commute sentences in certain cases
- Article 73: Extent of executive power of the Union

### **Council of Ministers**

- Article 74: Council of Ministers to aid and advise President.
- Article 75: Other provisions as to Ministers.

### **The Attorney-General for India**

- Article 76: Attorney-General for India

### **Conduct of Government Business**

- Article 77: Conduct of business of the Government of India
- Article 78: Duties of Prime Minister as respects the furnishing of information to the President, etc.

## **Chapter II - Parliament**

## **General**

- Article 79: Constitution of Parliament
- Article 80: Composition of the Council of States
- Article 81: Composition of the House of the People
- Article 82: Readjustment after each census
- Article 83: Duration of Houses of Parliament
- Article 84: Qualification for membership of Parliament
- Article 85: Sessions of Parliament, prorogation and dissolution
- Article 86: Right of President to address and send messages to Houses
- Article 87: Special address by the President
- Article 88: Rights of Ministers and Attorney-General as respects Houses

## **Officers of Parliament**

- Article 89: The Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the Council of States
- Article 90: Vacation and resignation of, and removal from, the office of Deputy Chairman
- Article 91: Power of the Deputy Chairman or other person to perform the duties of the office of, or to act as, Chairman
- Article 92: The Chairman or the Deputy Chairman not to preside while a resolution for his removal from office is under consideration
- Article 93: The Speaker and Deputy Speaker of the House of the People
- Article 94: Vacation and resignation of, and removal from, the offices of Speaker and Deputy Speaker
- Article 95: Power of the Deputy Speaker or other person to perform the duties of the office of, or to act as, Speaker
- Article 96: The Speaker or the Deputy Speaker not to preside while a resolution for his removal from office is under consideration
- Article 97: Salaries and allowances of the Chairman and Deputy Chairman and the Speaker and Deputy Speaker
- Article 98: Secretariat of Parliament

## **Conduct of Business**

- Article 99: Oath or affirmation by members
- Article 100: Voting in Houses, power of Houses to act notwithstanding vacancies and quorum

## **Disqualifications of Members**

- Article 101: Vacation of seats

- Article 102: Disqualifications for membership
- Article 103: Decision on questions as to disqualifications of members
- Article 104: Penalty for sitting and voting before making oath or affirmation under article 99 or when not qualified or when disqualified

### **Powers, Privileges and Immunities of Parliament and its Members**

- Article 105: Powers, privileges, etc., of the Houses of Parliament and of the members and committees thereof
- Article 106: Salaries and allowances of members

### **Legislative Procedure**

- Article 107: Provisions as to introduction and passing of Bills
- Article 108: Joint sitting of both Houses in certain cases
- Article 109: Special procedure in respect of Money Bills
- Article 110: Definition of “Money Bills”
- Article 111: Assent to Bills

### **Procedure in Financial Matters**

- Article 112: Annual financial statement
- Article 113: Procedure in Parliament with respect to estimates
- Article 114: Appropriation Bills
- Article 115: Supplementary, additional or excess grants
- Article 116: Votes on account, votes of credit and exceptional grants
- Article 117: Special provisions as to financial Bills

### **Procedure Generally**

- Article 118: Rules of procedure
- Article 119: Regulation by law of procedure in Parliament in relation to financial business
- Article 120: Language to be used in Parliament
- Article 121: Restriction on discussion in Parliament
- Article 122: Courts not to inquire into proceedings of Parliament

## **CHAPTER III.—LEGISLATIVE POWERS OF THE PRESIDENT**

- Article 123: Power of President to promulgate Ordinances during recess of Parliament

## **Part VI: The States**

### **Chapter IV - The Union Judiciary**

- Article 124: Establishment and constitution of Supreme Court
- Article 125: Salaries, etc., of Judges

- Article 126: Appointment of acting Chief Justice
- Article 127: Appointment of ad hoc judges
- Article 128: Attendance of retired Judges at sittings of the Supreme Court
- Article 129: Supreme Court to be a court of record
- Article 130: Seat of Supreme Court
- Article 131: Original jurisdiction of the Supreme Court
- Article 131A: [Repealed.]
- Article 132: Appellate jurisdiction of Supreme Court in appeals from High Courts in certain cases
- Article 133: Appellate jurisdiction of Supreme Court in appeals from High Courts in regard to Civil matters
- Article 134: Appellate jurisdiction of Supreme Court in regard to criminal matters
- Article 134A: Certificate for appeal to the Supreme Court
- Article 135: Jurisdiction and powers of the Federal Court under existing law to be exercisable by the Supreme Court
- Article 136: Special leave to appeal by the Supreme Court
- Article 137: Review of judgments or orders by the Supreme Court
- Article 138: Enlargement of the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court
- Article 139: Conferment on the Supreme Court of powers to issue certain writs
- Article 139A: Transfer of certain cases
- Article 140: Ancillary powers of Supreme Court
- Article 141: Law declared by Supreme Court to be binding on all courts
- Article 142: Enforcement of decrees and orders of Supreme Court and orders as to discovery, etc.
- Article 143: Power of President to consult Supreme Court
- Article 144: Civil and judicial authorities to act in aid of the Supreme Court
- Article 144A: [Repealed.]

### **Disqualifications of Members**

- Article 145: Rules of Court, etc.
- Article 146: Officers and servants and the expenses of the Supreme Court
- Article 147: Interpretation

### **Chapter V: Comptroller and Auditor-General of India**

- Article 148: Comptroller and Auditor-General of India
- Article 149: Duties and powers of the Comptroller and Auditor-General
- Article 150: Form of accounts of the Union and of the States

- Article 151: Audit reports

## **Part VI: The States**

### **Chapter I: General**

- Article 152: Definition

### **Chapter II: The Executive**

- Article 153: Governors of States
- Article 154: Executive power of State
- Article 155: Appointment of Governor
- Article 156: Term of office of Governor
- Article 157: Qualifications for appointment as Governor
- Article 158: Conditions of Governor's office
- Article 159: Oath or affirmation by the Governor
- Article 160: Discharge of the functions of the Governor in certain contingencies
- Article 161: Power of Governor to grant pardons, etc., and to suspend, remit or commute sentences in certain cases
- Article 162: Extent of executive power of State

### **Council of Ministers**

- Article 163: Council of Ministers to aid and advise Governor.
- Article 164: Other provisions as to Ministers

### **The Advocate-General for the State**

- Article 165: Advocate-General for the State

### **Conduct of Government Business**

- Article 166: Conduct of business of the Government of a State
- Article 167: Duties of Chief Minister as respects the furnishing of information to Governor, etc.

## **Chapter III - The State Legislature**

### **General**

- Article 168 - Constitution of Legislatures in States
- Article 169 - Abolition or creation of Legislative Councils in States
- Article 170 - Composition of the Legislative Assemblies
- Article 171 - Composition of the Legislative Councils
- Article 172 - Duration of State Legislatures
- Article 173 - Qualification for membership of the State Legislature
- Article 174 - Sessions of the State Legislature, prorogation and dissolution



- Article 175 - Right of Governor to address and send messages to the House or Houses
- Article 176 - Special address by the Governor
- Article 177 - Rights of Ministers and Advocate-General as respects the Houses

### **Officers of the State Legislature**

- Article 178 - The Speaker and Deputy Speaker of the Legislative Assembly
- Article 179 - Vacation and resignation of, and removal from, the offices of Speaker and Deputy Speaker
- Article 180: Power of the Deputy Speaker or other person to perform the duties of the office of, or to act as, Speaker
- Article 181: The Speaker or the Deputy Speaker not to preside while a resolution for his removal from office is under consideration
- Article 182: The Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the Legislative Council
- Article 183: Vacation and resignation of, and removal from, the offices of Chairman and Deputy Chairman
- Article 184: Power of the Deputy Chairman or other person to perform the duties of the office of, or to act as, Chairman
- Article 185: The Chairman or the Deputy Chairman not to preside while a resolution for his removal from office is under consideration
- Article 186: Salaries and allowances of the Speaker and Deputy Speaker and the Chairman and Deputy Chairman
- Article 187: Secretariat of State Legislature

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- Article 188: Oath or affirmation by members
- Article 189: Voting in Houses, power of Houses to act notwithstanding vacancies and quorum

### **Disqualifications of Members**

- Article 190: Vacation of seats
- Article 191: Disqualifications for membership
- Article 192: Decision on questions as to disqualifications of members
- Article 193: Penalty for sitting and voting before making oath or affirmation under article 188 or when not qualified or when disqualified

### **Powers, Privileges and Immunities of State Legislatures and their Members**

- Article 194: Powers, privileges, etc., of the Houses of Legislatures and of the members and committees thereof

- Article 195: Salaries and allowances of members

### **Legislative Procedure**

- Article 196: Provisions as to introduction and passing of Bills
- Article 197: Restriction on powers of Legislative Council as to Bills other than Money Bills
- Article 198: Special procedure in respect of Money Bills
- Article 199: Definition of “Money Bills”
- Article 200: Assent to Bills
- Article 201: Bills reserved for consideration

### **Procedure in Financial Matters**

- Article 202: Annual financial statement
- Article 203: Procedure in Legislature with respect to estimates
- Article 204: Appropriation Bills
- Article 205: Supplementary, additional or excess grants
- Article 206: Votes on account, votes of credit and exceptional grants
- Article 207: Special provisions as to financial Bills

### **Procedure Generally**

- Article 208: Rules of procedure
- Article 209: Regulation by law of procedure in the Legislature of the State in relation to financial business
- Article 210: Language to be used in the Legislature
- Article 211: Restriction on discussion in the Legislature
- Article 212: Courts not to inquire into proceedings of the Legislature

### **Chapter IV: Legislative Power of the Governor**

- Article 213: Power of Governor to promulgate Ordinances during recess of Legislature

### **Chapter V: The High Courts in the States**

- Article 214: High Courts for States
- Article 215: High Courts to be courts of record
- Article 216: Constitution of High Courts
- Article 217: Appointment and conditions of the office of a Judge of a High Court
- Article 218: Application of certain provisions relating to Supreme Court to High Courts
- Article 219: Oath or affirmation by Judges of High Courts
- Article 220: Restriction on practice after being a permanent Judge

- Article 221: Salaries, etc., of Judges
- Article 222: Transfer of a Judge from one High Court to another
- Article 223: Appointment of acting Chief Justice
- Article 224: Appointment of additional and acting Judges
- Article 224A: Appointment of retired Judges at sittings of High Courts
- Article 225: Jurisdiction of existing High Courts
- Article 226: Power of High Courts to issue certain writs
- Article 226A: [Repealed.]
- Article 227: Power of superintendence over all courts by the High Court
- Article 228: Transfer of certain cases to High Court
- Article 228A: [Repealed.]
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- Article 230:
- Article 231: Establishment of a common High Court for two or more States

## **Part XII - Finance, Property, Contracts and Suits**

### **Chapter I: Finance**

#### **Chapter IV: Subordinate Courts**

- Article 233: Appointment of district judges
- Article 233A: Validation of appointments of, and judgments, etc., delivered by, certain district judges
- Article 234: Recruitment of persons other than district judges to the judicial service
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- Article 236: Interpretation
- Article 237: Application of the provisions of this Chapter to certain class or classes of magistrates

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- Article 239: Administration of Union territories
- Article 239A: Creation of local Legislatures or Council of Ministers or both for certain Union territories
- Article 239AA: Special provisions with respect to Delhi
- Article 239AB: Provision in case of failure of constitutional machinery
- Article 239B: Power of administrator to promulgate Ordinances during recess of Legislature

- Article 240: Power of President to make regulations for certain Union territories
- Article 241: High Courts for Union territories
- Article 242: [Repealed.]

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- Article 243: Definitions
- Article 243A: Gram Sabha
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- Article 243D: Reservation of seats
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- Article 243F: Disqualifications for membership
- Article 243G: Powers, authority and responsibilities of Panchayats
- Article 243H: Powers to impose taxes by, and Funds of, the Panchayats
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- Article 243L: Application to Union territories
- Article 243M: Part not to apply to certain areas
- Article 243N: Continuance of existing laws and Panchayats
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### **Part IXA: The Municipalities**

- Article 243P: Definitions

### **Part IXA: The Co-operative Societies**

- Article 243ZH: Definitions
- Article 243ZI: Incorporation of co-operative societies
- Article 243ZJ: Number and term of members of board and its office bearers.
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### **Part X: The Scheduled and Tribal Areas**

- Article 244: Administration of Scheduled Areas and Tribal Areas
- Article 244A: Formation of an autonomous State comprising certain tribal areas in Assam and creation of local Legislature or Council of Ministers or both therefor

## **Part XI: Relations between the Union and the States**

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- Article 245: Extent of laws made by Parliament and by the Legislatures of States
- Article 246: Subject-matter of laws made by Parliament and by the Legislatures of States
- Article 247: Power of Parliament to provide for the establishment of certain additional courts
- Article 248: Residuary powers of legislation
- Article 249: Power of Parliament to legislate with respect to a matter in the State List in the national interest
- Article 250: Power of Parliament to legislate with respect to any matter in the State List if a Proclamation of Emergency is in operation
- Article 251: Inconsistency between laws made by Parliament under articles 249 and 250 and laws made by the Legislatures of States
- Article 252: Power of Parliament to legislate for two or more States by consent and adoption of such legislation by any other State
- Article 253: Legislation for giving effect to international agreements
- Article 254: Inconsistency between laws made by Parliament and laws made by the Legislatures of States
- Article 255: Requirements as to recommendations and previous sanctions to be regarded as matters of procedure only

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- Article 256: Obligation of States and the Union
- Article 257: Control of the Union over States in certain cases
- Article 257A: Repealed.
- Article 258: Power of the Union to confer powers, etc., on States in certain cases
- Article 258A: Power of the States to entrust functions to the Union
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- Article 262: Adjudication of disputes relating to waters of inter-State rivers or river valleys

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- Article 272: Repealed.
- Article 273: Grants in lieu of export duty on jute and jute products
- Article 274: Prior recommendation of President required to Bills affecting taxation in which States are interested
- Article 275: Grants from the Union to certain States
- Article 276: Taxes on professions, trades, callings and employments
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- Article 285: Exemption of property of the Union from State taxation
- Article 286: Restrictions as to imposition of tax on the sale or purchase of goods
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- Article 289: Exemption of property and income of a State from Union taxation
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- Article 296: Property accruing by escheat or lapse or as bona vacantia
- Article 297: Things of value within territorial waters or continental shelf and resources of the exclusive economic zone to vest in the Union
- Article 298: Power to carry on trade, etc
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### **Part XIII: Trade, Commerce and Intercourse within the Territory of India**

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- Article 302: Power of Parliament to impose restrictions on trade, commerce and intercourse
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- Article 305: Saving of existing laws and laws providing for State monopolies
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- Article 326: Elections to the House of the People and to the Legislative Assemblies of States to be on the basis of adult suffrage
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- Article 336: Special provision for Anglo-Indian community in certain services
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- Article 348: Language to be used in the Supreme Court and in the High Courts and for Acts, Bills, etc
- Article 349: Special procedure for enactment of certain laws relating to language

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- Article 350: Language to be used in representations for redress of grievances
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- Article 363: Bar to interference by courts in disputes arising out of certain treaties, agreements, etc

- Article 363A: Recognition granted to Rulers of Indian States to cease and privy purses to be abolished
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- Article 371D: Special provisions with respect to the State of Andhra Pradesh
- Article 371E: Establishment of Central University in Andhra Pradesh
- Article 371F: Special provisions with respect to the State of Sikkim
- Article 371G: Special provision with respect to the State of Mizoram
- Article 371H: Special provision with respect to the State of Arunachal Pradesh
- Article 371I: Special provision with respect to the State of Goa
- Article 372: Continuance in force of existing laws and their adaptation
- Article 372A: Power of the President to adapt laws
- Article 373: Power of President to make order in respect of persons under preventive detention in certain cases
- Article 374: Provisions as to Judges of the Federal Court and proceedings pending in the Federal Court or before His Majesty in Council
- Article 375: Courts, authorities and officers to continue to function subject to the provisions of the Constitution
- Article 376: Provisions as to Judges of High Courts
- Article 377: Provisions as to Comptroller and Auditor-General of India
- Article 378: Provisions as to Public Service Commissions

- Article 378A: Special provision as to duration of Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly
- Article 379: Repealed.
- Article 380: Repealed.
- Article 381: Repealed.
- Article 382: Repealed.
- Article 383: Repealed.
- Article 384: Repealed.
- Article 385: Repealed.
- Article 386: Repealed.
- Article 387: Repealed.
- Article 388: Repealed.
- Article 389: Repealed.
- Article 390: Repealed.
- Article 391: Repealed.
- Article 392: Power of the President to remove difficulties

#### **Part XXII: Short Title, Commencement, Authoritative text in Hindi and Repeals**

- Article 393: Short title
- Article 394: Commencement
- Article 394A: Authoritative text in the Hindi language
- Article 395: Repeals